City of Mansfield

Public Hearing & Work Session Agenda

Public Hearing & Work Session Agenda March 2, 2020 – 7:00 p.m. Mansfield Community House Page 1 of 1

PUBLIC HEARING:

- 1. McJohnn Properties LLC Presentation
- 2. Public Comment in Favor
- 3. Public Comment Against

WORK SESSION:

- 4a. Auditors Report Brandy Lofton of Rector, Reeder & Lofton
 - 4. Antique Fire Truck Repair \$482 parts w/minimal labor
 - 5. Newton County asphalting trail with 2" asphalt \$40k \$50k/Mile
 - 6. Turnipseed Proposal for Services
 - 7. Second Quarter P&L for all Funds
 - 8. City Center Lawn Care Contractor
 - 9. Newton County Family Fun Day
 - 10. Drainage Issues

Red lettering indicates items added during the meeting.

City of Mansfield Public Hearing Minutes

Public Hearing Minutes March 2, 2020 – 7:00 p.m. Mansfield Community House Page 1 of 3

PRESENT: GW Davis Jr, Bryan Hale, Blair Northen, Perry Lunsford, Austin Mitchell, Helen Robertson

OTHERS PRESENT: Kory Wilson, David NaDell, Daniel Johnson, Kevin Settles, Marty & Theresa Smallwood, Kyle Hale, Miranda Hale, John Napoli, Ashley Hollingsworth, Mary Ann Davis, Scott & Vicki Cowan, Matt Clark, Bill Robertson, Delores Bagby, Sarah Cocchi, Wayne Blackwell, Brian & Connie Moore, Tom McCurley, Brandy Lofton

The honorable mayor GW Davis Jr opened the Public Hearing by welcoming everyone and thanking them for getting out on a rainy night. He then reminded everyone that citizen's, property owners, and adjoining property owners is who will be heard regarding the Loyd Road variance request. He asked anyone making a comment to please state their name and address and how they qualify to comment. He then invited the surveyor from Frontier Surveying & Mapping LLC representing McJohn Properties LLC, Mr. Kevin Settles, to begin the presentation.

Kevin Settles, 505 Dukes Rd, Frontier Surveying & Mapping LLC explained that he surveyed the five 2-acre lots, they all will face Loyd Rd and a lot of the property will not be utilized as there is not enough acreage for livestock, etc. All the lot frontages facing Loyd Rd are 150-200 feet. If the variance is granted there will be 10 lots with one entrance onto Loyd Rd. This road would be called Loyd Circle. They will cut as little timber as possible to avoid a lot of disturbance, there will be open paving and open conduit and the homes will be custom/craft type homes, not cookie cutter houses. The one acre lots have 60-100 feet frontages. When asked about water run-off, Mr. Settles explained that there are rules and regulations that prevent a development from increasing any run-off onto other properties. Mr. Settles also commented on the developer possibly being able to cost share in the 3-phase electric upgrade down Loyd Rd to the sewer treatment plant depending on the profits in the development.

At-this-time, Mr. Daniel Johnson of McJohn Properties LLC and the property owner, introduced himself. He stated that he was born and raised in this area and currently lives in Jersey/Social Circle area. Mr. Johnson explained that there are rules in place to protect the adjoining properties from any increased water run-off. He also explained that having one entrance off Loyd Road is safer than having 5 entrances. Mr. Johnson said the road would be deeded to the City after completion of development.

Mr. Settles and Mr. Johnson finished the presentation and began a question and answer discussion.

Mrs. Connie Moore, 161 Loyd Rd, expressed concerns about added traffic and road wear.

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Mrs. Sarah Cocchi, 3375 Hwy 11, adjoining property owner, expressed concern about the water run-off and the deeded road becoming the City's responsibility to maintain.

Mr. Wayne Blackwell, 140 Hamilton Rd, property owner, asked if it will be curb and gutter. He also commented that he thought there was an ordinance in place that required this.

The honorable mayor and resident, Mr. GW Davis Jr, 65 Cypress St, expressed his concerns for the City's need of dollars and people. He also reminded everyone that most grants are awarded or determined by population and that Mansfield's population is declining.

This ended the presentation.

The honorable mayor asked for Public Comment in Favor of the variance request.

Mr. Wayne Blackwell, 512 Dukes Rd, property owner in town commented that he is not concerned over lot size as much as the quality of homes being built and stated we need these homes in our community.

The honorable mayor asked for Public Comment Against the variance request.

Mr. Brian Moore, 161 Loyd Rd, said he thinks the road cannot handle the additional traffic and also expressed concern that there will be an increase in water runoff.

Mr. Scott Cowan, 2913 Hwy 11, property owner asked about the 30-foot setback on side of lots.

Mrs. Sarah Cocchi, 3375 Hwy 11, adjoining property asked how the 1 acre lots with creek fit the houses.

Mr. Marty Smallwood, 4000 Hwy 213, said he knows the town needs more people, however, he is concerned that this variance will set a precedence and open up other developers asking for a variance to have a legal avenue to challenge with.

Mr. Tom McCurley, 3901 Hwy 213, said we would be "selling the soul of the City for 5 grand in property tax money". He also reminded everyone that if the road is deeded to us, we do become liable for it. He said 5 houses is better suited for our City and then asked if Councilman Blair Northen would share the results of his post on social media.

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Councilman Blair Northen said that there was more than 90 against the variance request and only 5 in favor on his social media post.

The Public Hearing ended at 7:50PM and the Work Session immediately followed.

GW Davis Jr, Mayor

Perry Lunsford, Post 1, Mayor Pro Tempore

Helen Robertson. Post 2

Blair Northen, Post 3

Austin Mitchell, Post 4

Bryan Hale, Post 5

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019 TOGETHER WITH INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

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CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA PRINCIPAL OFFICIALS

CURRENT MAYOR

GW Davis Jr

CURRENT CITY COUNCIL

C. Perry Lunsford Helen Robertson Blair Northern Austin Mitchell Bryan Hale



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Mansfield, Georgia

Report on the Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mansfield, Georgia (the "City") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in the *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinions on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinions. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a reasonable basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinions, based on our audit, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the City of Mansfield, Georgia, as of June 30, 2019, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof and the respective budgetary comparison for the general fund for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis, as listed in the table of contents, should be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit on the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinions or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedure did not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinions or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the basic financial statement of the City.

The combining and individual Nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the financial statements.

The combining and individual Nonmajor fund financial statements are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements.

The Nonmajor fund financial statement sections have been subjected to auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves and other additional procedures, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United State of America. In our opinions, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated December 19, 2019 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinions on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Rector, Recder & Lofton, P.C. Certified Public Accountants

Loganville, Georgia December 19, 2019

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION & ANALYSIS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CITY OF MANSFIELD MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS

As management of the City of Mansfield, we offer readers of the City of Mansfield's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City of Mansfield for the year ended June 30, 2019. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here in conjunction with their review of the financial statements.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City of Mansfield exceeded its liabilities at June 30, 2019 by \$5,735,165. Of this amount, unrestricted net position of \$1,897,699 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. The \$1,897,699 in unrestricted net position is further allocated with \$325,705 to governmental-type activities and \$1,571,994 to business-type activities.
- The total net position increased by \$88,857. Of this amount, a net increase of \$232,209 was associated with governmental activities, and a net decrease of \$(143,352) was associated with business-type activities. The decrease in business-type activities is due largely to a transfer of funds to the governmental activities of \$185,191 due to shared general expenses transferred through an interfund between programs.
- As of the close of the current fiscal year, the City of Mansfield's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$529,791, an increase of \$44,622 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, \$10,067 is non-spendable, \$213,211 is restricted, and \$306,513 is unassigned. The unassigned amount of \$306,513 consists of various assets netted against their respective liabilities. See the attached Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Position for additional detail.

Overview of the financial statements

This discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements comprise three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

Government-wide financial statements. The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The statement of net position presents information on all of the City's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The statement of activities presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying even giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City of Mansfield include general government, public safety and courts, highways and streets, parks and recreation, community development, economic development, and code enforcement. The business-type activities of the City are water and sewer, solid waste management and electrical supply.

Fund financial statements. A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City of Mansfield can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and proprietary funds.

Governmental funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal period. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statements of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between the two.

The City maintains two major governmental funds. The City's major governmental funds are the General Fund and the Capital Projects Fund. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for these major funds.

The City of Mansfield adopts an annual budget for all of its governmental funds. The financial statements contain a comparison of a budget to actual with the approved budget for fiscal year 2019. An appropriate budget for the non-major funds and a project length budget for the SPLOST Capital Projects Fund have been adopted by the City and are presented in the individual fund financial statements.

Proprietary funds. Enterprise funds (a component of proprietary funds) are used to report the same functions presented as business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses utility enterprise funds to account for its water and sewer, and electrical supply activities. The City's Electric and Water and Sewer Funds are considered by the City to be major funds.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for each of the City's major funds.

Notes to the financial statements. The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

Other information. In addition to the basic financial statement and accompanying notes, this report also presents certain other supplementary information which consists of individual fund financial statements.

Government-wide financial analysis

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position. In the case of the City of Mansfield, assets exceeded liabilities by \$5,646,308 at the close of the most recent fiscal year.

A portion of the City's net position (60%) reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, and equipment), less any related debt that is still outstanding used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are *not* available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

City of Mansfield's Net Position

	Governmental Activities						
	2019	_	2018	_	Change		
Current and other assets	\$ 544,601	\$	496,145	\$	48,456		
Capital assets	839,333		652,580	•	186,753		
Total assets	\$ 1,383,934	\$	1,148,725	\$	235,209		
Current liabilities	\$ 13,112	\$	8,875	\$	4,237		
Long-term liabilities	24,526		25,763		(1,237)		
Total liabilities	37,638	-	34,638		3,000		
Net position							
Net investment in capital assets	807,380		619,741		187,639		
Restricted	213,211		329,051		(115,840)		
Unrestricted	325,705		165,295		160,410		
Total net position	1,346,296		1,114,087		232,209		
Total liabilities & net position	\$ 1,383,934	\$	1,148,725	\$	235,209		
		Busi	ness-Type Act	iviti	es		
	2019	Busi	ness-Type Act 2018	iviti	es Change		
Current and other assets	\$ 	Busi \$		iviti \$			
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 2019		2018		Change		
	\$ 2019 1,691,221		2018 1,782,294		Change (91,073)		
Capital assets	2019 1,691,221 2,991,392	\$	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581)		
Capital assets Total assets	\$ 2019 1,691,221 2,991,392 4,682,613	\$ -	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973 4,838,267	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581) (155,654)		
Capital assets Total assets Current liabilities	\$ 2019 1,691,221 2,991,392 4,682,613 120,244	\$ -	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973 4,838,267 116,046	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581) (155,654) 4,198		
Capital assets Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities	\$ 2019 1,691,221 2,991,392 4,682,613 120,244 173,500	\$ -	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973 4,838,267 116,046 190,000	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581) (155,654) 4,198 (16,500)		
Capital assets Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities	\$ 2019 1,691,221 2,991,392 4,682,613 120,244 173,500	\$ -	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973 4,838,267 116,046 190,000	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581) (155,654) 4,198 (16,500)		
Capital assets Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position	\$ 2019 1,691,221 2,991,392 4,682,613 120,244 173,500 293,744	\$ -	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973 4,838,267 116,046 190,000 306,046	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581) (155,654) 4,198 (16,500) (12,302)		
Capital assets Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets	\$ 2019 1,691,221 2,991,392 4,682,613 120,244 173,500 293,744 2,801,392	\$ -	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973 4,838,267 116,046 190,000 306,046	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581) (155,654) 4,198 (16,500) (12,302)		
Capital assets Total assets Current liabilities Long-term liabilities Total liabilities Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted	\$ 2019 1,691,221 2,991,392 4,682,613 120,244 173,500 293,744 2,801,392 15,483	\$ -	2018 1,782,294 3,055,973 4,838,267 116,046 190,000 306,046 2,849,473 15,483	\$	Change (91,073) (64,581) (155,654) 4,198 (16,500) (12,302) (48,081)		

City of Mansfield's Net Position

		 Total		
	2019	2018	_	Change
Current and other assets	\$ 2,235,822	\$ 2,278,439	\$	(42,617)
Capital assets	3,830,725	3,708,553	_	122,172
Total assets	\$ 6,066,547	\$ 5,986,992	\$	79,555
Current liabilities	\$ 133,356	\$ 124,921	\$	8,435
Long-term liabilities	198,026	215,763		(17,737)
Total liabilities	331,382	340,684		(9,302)
Net position				
Net investment in capital assets	3,608,772	3,469,214		139,558
Restricted	228,694	344,534		(115,840)
Unrestricted	1,897,699	1,832,560		65,139
Total net position	5,735,165	5,646,308		88,857
Total liabilities & net position	\$ 6,066,547	\$ 5,986,992	\$	79,555

A portion of the net position, \$228,694, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. The unrestricted net position balance of \$1,897,699 may be used to meet the government's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors. Additionally, the consolidated totals have the interfunds receivables and payables eliminated from the current assets and from the current liabilities.

City of Mansfield's Change in Net Position

		rnn tivi	nental tles		Busii Ac		al			
	2019	-	2018		2019	2018	_	2019		2018
Revenue:										
Program Revenues -										
Charges for services	\$ 9,975	\$	4,485	\$	1,096,982	\$ 959,886	\$	1,106,957	\$	964,371
Grants & contributions	85,563		128,585		-	-		85,563	·	128,585
General Revenues -										
Property taxes	64,364		49,219		_	-		64,364		49,219
Sales taxes	83,695		73,815		-	_		83,695		73,815
Insurance premium taxes	-		-		-			,		
Franchise fees	3,784		9,547			_		3,784		9,547
Interest	-		-		20,894	14,655		20,894		14,655
Other	46,022		41,104		11,548	4,643		57,570		45,747
Total Revenues	293,403		306,755		1,129,424	979,184		1,422,827		1,285,939
Expenses:										
General government	217,874		186,332		_			217,874		186,332
Public safety	-		2,500			_		217,074		2,500
Public works	28,511		29,344		-	_		28,511		29,344
Garbage	_				47,542	49,633		47,542		49,633
Electrical	-		_		717,397	714,718		717,397		714,718
Water and sewer					322,646	290,916		322,646		290,916
Total Expenses	246,385		218,176		1,087,585	1,055,267		1,333,970		1,273,443
(Decrease) increase in net position										
before transfers	47,018		88,579		41,839	(76,083)		88,857		12,496
Transfers/Prior Period Adjustment	185,191	_	151,002		(185,191)	(151,002)		_		·
(Decrease) increase in net position	232,209		239,581		(143,352)	(227,085)		88,857		12,496
Net position - beginning of period	1,114,087	-	874,506	_	4,532,221	4,759,306		5,646,308	_	5,633,812
Net position - end of period	\$ 1,346,296	\$.	1,114,087	\$ _	4,388,869	\$ <u>4,532,221</u>	\$	5,735,165	\$.	5,646,308

Financial Analysis

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental funds. The focus of the City of Mansfield's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City of Mansfield's financial requirements. In particular, unreserved fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

As of the end of the current year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending net position balances of \$1,346,296, an increase of \$232,209 in comparison with the prior year. Of this amount, the City has an *unreserved fund balance* of \$306,513.

The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. The general fund also shows a transfer of \$185,191 of funds from the business-type activities to correctly allocate shared general expenses between the programs. At the end of the current fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the general fund was \$306,513. The combined net position for the City increased by \$88,857 during the current fiscal year.

Capital assets and debt administration

Capital assets. The City's Capital Assets as of June 30, 2019 amounts to \$3,830,705 (net of accumulated depreciation). This amount includes land, buildings, vehicles, equipment, and infrastructure.

City of Mansfield, Georgia Capital Assets

	Governmental	Business-Type	-	Tota	<u> </u>		
	<u>Activities</u>	Activities		Current		Prior	
Land & land improvements	\$ 268,326	\$ 154,593	\$	422,919	\$	416,676	
Infrastructure	90,302	5,007,190		5,097,492		5,097,492	
Buildings	486,638	107,353		593,991		582,716	
Vehicles	67,432	100,159		167,591		193,102	
Equipment	71,576	43,965		115,541		108,457	
Work in Process	188,078	45,873		233,951		_	
Less accumulated depreciation	(333,019)	(2,467,761)		(2,800,780)		(2,689,890)	
Net	\$ 839,333	\$ 2,991,372	\$	3,830,705	\$	3,708,553	

During fiscal year 2019, the City began their City Center Project, which increased Work in Process by \$233,951. Roof repairs were needed during the year, and a John Deere Lawn Mower was purchased. Depreciation expense of the capital assets amounted to a combined \$136,381 for the year. Additional information on the City of Mansfield's capital assets can be found in accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

Long-term debt. At the end of the current year, the City had total bonds outstanding of \$190,000. The full amount comprises debt backed by the full faith and credit of the City. The current year reduction in bonds payable was \$16,500.

During fiscal year 2018, the City financed a dump truck through Ally Bank for 60 months in the amount of \$37,400. Principal and interest payments of \$689.58 are due monthly. Additionally, during the current year, the City recognized a lease with the Newton County Trails for land use, which consists of a net present value of \$6,190.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in the accompanying Notes to the Financial Statements.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City of Mansfield's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

City of Mansfield P.O. Box 35 Mansfield, Georgia 30055

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

		Governmental Activities		Business-Type Activities		Total
Assets	•				-	Which
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	399,677	\$	881,677	\$	1,281,354
Investments		-		459,571		459,571
Accounts receivable, net		2,129		137,365		139,494
Taxes receivable		4,778		-		4,778
Intergovernmental receivable		13,863				13,863
Prepaid items		10,067		-		10,067
Interfund receivables		114,087		(114,087)		, -
Restricted cash - noncurrent		-		15,484		15,484
Investments - noncurrent		_		311,211		311,211
Capital assets, not being depreciation		343,566		200,466		544,032
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation	-	495,767		2,790,926	_	3,286,693
Total Assets	\$ _	1,383,934	\$_	4,682,613	\$ _	6,066,547
Liabilities						
Accounts payable	\$	275	\$	43,050	\$	43,325
Due to other governmental agencies		-	·	_	•	
Payroll liabilities		5,410		-		5,410
Accrued Interest		, -		4,750		4,750
Unearned revenue		_		4,852		4,852
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				,,		.,
Customer deposits		_		51,092		51,092
Bonds and notes payable:				0.4,002		31,032
Current within one year		7,427		16,500		23,927
Noncurrent due greater than one year	_	24,526	-	173,500	_	198,026
Total Liabilities	\$ =	37,638	\$ _	293,744	\$ =	331,382
Net Position						
Net investment in capital assets	\$	807,380	\$	2,801,392	\$	3,608,772
Restricted for:				• •	·	. ,
Debt service		-		15,483		15,483
Public safety		16,384		, - -		16,384
Roads and bridges		196,827		_		196,827
Unrestricted	_	325,705		1,571,994	_	1,897,699
Total Net Position	\$ _	1,346,296	\$	4,388,869	\$_	5,735,165

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

			Program Revenues Net (Expense) Revenue a							es in l	Net Position
<u>Functions/Programs</u>	Expenses	.	Fees, Fines, and Charges for Services		Capital Grants and Contributions		Governmental Activities		Business- Type Activities	_	Total
Primary Government:											
Governmental activities: General government	ć 247.074	,	0.077								
Public safety	\$ 217,874	\$	9,975	\$	•	\$	(207,899)	\$	-	\$	(207,899)
Public works	28,511		-		05.550		-		-		-
Fublic Works	79,311	-	-		85,563		57,052		-	-	57,052
Total governmental activities	246,385	-	9,975		85,563		(150,847)				(150,847)
Business-type activities:											
Electric	717,397		790,417		_		_		73,020		73,020
Water and sewer	322,646		256,663		_		_		75,020 (65,983)		73,020 (65,983)
Garbage	47,542		49,902		_		_		2,360		
Ţ.		-	,,,,,,,	•				•	2,300	_	2,360
Total business-type activities	1,087,585		1,096,982				+		9,397		9,397
Total primary government	\$ 1,333,970	\$	1,106,957	\$.	85,563		(150,847)	-	9,397	_	(141,450)
	General revenue										
	Taxes	55.									
		s. lev	ied for general pu	rnos	e		64,364		_		64,364
	Sales Tax	-,	B	,	-		83,695				83,695
	Franchise fees						3,784		_		3,784
	Investment ear	nings					-,,		20,894		20,894
	Other						46,022		11,548		57,570
	Total general	rever	nues				197,865	-	32,442		230,307
	Transfers						185,191		(185,191)		-
	Total general	ever	ues and transfers			•	383,056	-	(152,749)		230,307
	Change in net p						232,209	-	(143,352)		88,857
	Net position - Jul						1,114,087		4,532,221		5,646,308
	Net position - Jui	ne 30	, 2019			\$	1,346,296	\$ _	4,388,869	\$ _	5,735,165

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA **BALANCE SHEET** GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS June 30, 2019

Assets		General	_	SPLOST	-	Confiscated Assets Fund	·	Total
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	214,063	\$	185,614	\$	_	\$	399,677
Accounts receivable	٦	2,129	ب	103,014	Ą		Ą	2,129
Taxes receivable		4,778		_				2,129 4,778
Intergovernmental receivables		7,7,0		13,863		_		13,863
Interfund receivables		232,978		13,003		16,384		249,362
Prepaid items		10,067		- -		-		10,067
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					-	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		10,007
Total Assets	\$ =	464,015	\$	199,477	\$.	16,384	\$	679,876
Liabilities and Fund Balances								
Liabilities:								
Accounts payable	\$	275	\$	-	\$. -	\$	275
Due to other governments		-		-		-		-
Payroll liabilities		5,410		-		-		5,410
Interfund payables		132,625	_	2,650	-	-	·	135,275
Total Liabilities	_	138,310		2,650	_			140,960
Deferred Inflows of Resources		9,125		<u>-</u>	_	<u>.</u>	_	9,125
Fund Balances:								
Non-spendable prepaid items		10,067		-		_		10,067
Restricted for:								•
Roads and bridges		_		196,827		-		196,827
Law enforcement		-		<u></u>		16,384		16,384
Unassigned		306,513		•	_	-		306,513
Total Fund Balances	_	316,580		196,827	_	16,384		529,791
Total Liabilities, Deferred Inflows and Fund Balances	\$	464,015	\$	199,477	\$_	16,384	\$	679,876

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION June 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of Net Position are different due to:

Total fund balances - total governmental funds	\$ 529,791
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources, and therefore are not reported in the funds.	
	839,333
Debt related to capital assets acquired in governmental activities are not current obligations and therefore not reported in the funds.	
	(31,953)
Some of the City's taxes will be collected after year-end, but are not available soon enough to pay for the current period's expenditures, and therefore are reported as unearned revenue in the funds.	
	 9,125
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,346,296

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE **GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS** FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		General		SPLOST		Confiscated Assets Fund		Total
Revenues			_		-			···········
Taxes	\$	151,895	\$	_	\$	_	\$	151,895
Licenses and permits		9,975		-		-		9,975
Intergovernmental		5,726		79,837		-		85,563
Charges for services		-		-		-		-
Investment income		<u></u>		-		-		-
Other revenue	p-100	50,151	_	-	_			50,151
Total Revenues		217,747		79,837	_	-		217,747
Expenditures								
Current:								
General government		217,874		· -		-		217,874
Public Safety								-
Public works		-		195,677		-		195,677
Capital outlay:								-
General government		24,602		-		-		24,602
Public works			_	-	-			-
Total Expenditures	_	242,476	_	195,677	-	pn.		242,476
Excess/(Deficiency) of revenues over						i e		
expenditures		(24,729)		(115,840)		-		(24,729)
Other Financing Sources/(Uses)								
Transfers in/(out)	******	185,191	_	-	_	**************************************		185,191
Net change in fund balance		160,462		(115,840)		•		44,622
Fund balance - July 1, 2018	_	156,118		312,667	_	16,384	-	485,169
Fund balance - June 30, 2019	\$	316,580	\$	196,827	\$_	16,384	\$_	529,791

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is different due to:

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities is diffe	rent due to:	
Net changes in fund balances - total government funds	\$	44,622
Some of the City's taxes reported as revenues in the funds when the resources are measurable and available. Property taxes are reported as revenues in the Statement of Activities when they represent a legally enforceable claim.		
represent a legally emorceable claim.		(52)
Governmental funds are prepared using the modified accrual basis. Transactions which are not a current resource are not reported on the fund financial statements. The City incurred debt in the current period due to a lease of land with Newton County Trails in the amount of \$6,190. This nets against the principal payments of past debt in the amount of \$7,076.		886
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. The total capital assets purchased during the year was \$212,680 while this was offset with depreciation expense		
of (\$25,927).	<u> </u>	186,753
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$	232,209

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET (GAAP BASIS) AND ACTUAL - GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	****	Budge	t An	nounts			Variance	
Davienus	_	Original		Final		Actual		with Final Budget
Taxes Licenses and permits Intergovernmental Charges for services Investment income Other revenue	\$	170,075 2,700 - - - - 13,801	\$	162,818 3,000 1,930 - - - 24,006	\$	151,895 9,975 5,726 - - 50,151	\$	(10,923) 6,975 3,796 - - 26,145
Total Revenues	_	186,576		191,754		217,747	_	25,993
Expenditures Current: General government Public works Capital outlay: General government Public works	_	349,091 - 129,484 -	-	384,456 - 132,044 -		217,874 - 24,602 -		166,582 - 107,442 -
Total Expenditures	_	478,575	-	516,500		242,476		274,024
Net change in fund balances	\$ _	(291,999)	\$	(324,746)		(24,729)	\$ _	300,017
Transfer from Business Activities Fu Fund balance - July 1, 2018 Fund balance - June 30, 2019	nd				\$	185,191 156,118 316,580		
i dila salalica dalla do, 2013					~	310,300		

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND June 30, 2019

		Electric Fund		Water and Sewer Fund		Garbage Fund		Total
Assets								
Current Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	784,174	\$	87,889	\$	9,614	\$	881,677
Investments		459,571		-		**		459,571
Accounts receivable, net		103,849		28,240		5,276		137,365
Total Current Assets		1,347,594		116,129		14,890	-	1,478,613
Restricted Assets								
Cash and cash equivalents		_		15,484		_		15,484
Interfund receivables		118,891				-	_	118,891
Total Restricted Assets		118,891		15,484		_	_	134,375
Noncurrent Assets								
Investments		311,211		_				244 244
Capital assets not being depreciated		63,500		136,966		-		311,211 200,466
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		571,034		2,219,892		-		
,,		3,2,00.	•	2,223,032	•		-	2,790,926
Total Noncurrent Assets		945,745	-	2,356,858			_	3,302,603
Total Assets	\$	2,412,230	\$ _	2,488,471	\$ _	14,890	\$ _	4,915,591
Liabilities								
Current Liabilities								
Accounts payable	\$	43,050	\$	_	\$	-	\$	43,050
Payroll liabilities			•	_	•	-	т	-
Unearned revenue		4,852		_		_		4,852
Interfund payables		_		171,273		61,705		232,978
Accrued Interest		_		4,750		-		4,750
Liabilities payable from restricted assets:				•				.,
Customer deposits		32,544		18,548		_		51,092
Current maturities of long-term debt		<u>.</u>		16,500	_		_	16,500
Total Current Liabilities		80,446	****	211,071	_	61,705		353,222
Noncurrent Liabilities							-	
Long-term debt				472 F00				455 545
Long-term debt	-		-	173,500		-	-	173,500
Total Liabilities	\$ _	80,446	\$ _	384,571	\$ _	61,705	\$ _	526,722
Net Position								
Net investment in capital assets	\$	634,534	\$	2,166,858	\$	-	\$	2,801,392
Restricted - debt service	•		*	15,483	*	_	Ψ.	15,483
Unrestricted	_	1,697,250		(78,441)		(46,815)	-	1,571,994
Total Net Position	\$ _	2,331,784	\$_	2,103,900	\$	(46,815)	\$	4,388,869
			_				_	

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Bus			
		Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total
Operating Revenues:					
Sales	\$	790,417 \$	256,663 \$	49,902 \$	1,096,982
Other		11,548		_	11,548
Total Operating Revenues		801,965	256,663	49,902	1,108,530
Operating Expenses:					
Personnel services		107,042	29,569	5,769	142,380
Purchased/contracted		65,510	52,839	40,727	159,076
Supplies		500,825	127,118	-	627,943
Depreciation		18,062	92,392	~	110,454
Other		25,958	10,815	1,046	37,819
Total Operating Expenses		717,397	312,733	47,542	1,077,672
Operating income (loss)		84,568	(56,070)	2,360	30,858
Non-operating revenues (expenses):					
Interest and gain on investments		20,884	10	_	20,894
Interest expense		-	(9,913)	_	(9,913)
Total non-operating revenues (expenses)		20,884	(9,903)	_	10,981
Change in net position		105,452	(65,973)	2,360	41,839
Transfers		(153,634)	(29,397)	(2,160)	(185,191)
Net position - beginning of year	_	2,379,966	2,199,270	(47,015)	4,532,221
Net position - end of year	\$ _	2,331,784 \$	2,103,900 \$	(46,815) \$	4,388,869

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS PROPRIETARY FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

		Business-Type Activities					
		Electric Fund		Water and Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund		Total
Cash flows from operating activities:							
Cash sales to customers	\$	790,417	\$	256,663 \$	49,902	\$	1,096,982
Cash payments to suppliers		(528,133)		(176,815)	(39,229)		(744,177)
Cash payments to employees for services		(107,042)		(29,569)	(5,769)		(142,380)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	_	155,242		50,279	4,904		210,425
Cash flows from investing activities:							
Interest income received		20,884		10	_		20,894
Purchase of investments	_	(71,006)			M.	_	(71,006)
Net cash provided (used) provided by investing activities		(50,122)		10		_	(50,112)
Cash flows from noncapital financing activities:							
Cash payments through transfers to other funds		(153,634)		(29,397)	(2,160)		(185,191)
Cash flows from capital and related financing activities:							
Purchase of capital assets		(33,500)		(12,373)			(45,873)
Principal payment on debt		(33,300)		(16,500)	-		(45,873) (16,500)
Interest paid		_		(9,913)	_		(10,300)
Makasah awad 1 da 101 - 101 - 101 - 101 - 101							
Net cash provided (used) in capital and related financing activities		(33,500)		(38,786)			(72,286)
ananang addivides		(55,500)	-	(38,780)		_	(72,200)
Net change in cash and cash equivalents		(82,014)		(17,894)	2,744		(97,164)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		866,188	_	121,267	6,870		994,325
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ _	784,174	\$ =	103,373 \$	9,614	\$	897,161
Reported on the Statement of Net Position as:							
Unrestricted cash	\$	784,174	ب	87,889 \$	0.614	4	004 677
Restricted cash	ş	704,174	Þ	15,484	9,614	\$	881,677 15,484
			_				10,707
Total cash	\$	784,174	\$ _	103,373 \$	9,614	\$	897,161
Reconciliation of operating income (loss) to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Operating income (loss)	\$	84,568	\$	(56,070) \$	2,360	\$	30,858
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash							
provided by operating activities:							
Depreciation		18,062		92,392	-		110,454
Changes in assets and liabilities:							-
Accounts receivable		(64,173)		(17,975)	(3,585)		(85,733)
Interfund receivable		113,100		-	-		113,100
Accounts payable		2,291		-	-		2,291
Interfund payable		-		31,419	6,129		37,548
Customer deposits		1,394		925	-		2,319
Accrued Interest	_	**		(412)	-		(412)
Net cash provided (used) by operating activities	\$	155,242	\$	50,279 \$	4,904	\$	210,425

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REPORTING ENTITY:

1. Introduction:

The financial statements of the City of Mansfield, Georgia (the City) have been prepared in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

2. Organization:

The City was incorporated under the laws of the State of Georgia in 1903 and operates under a mayor-council form of government. The City provides the following services as authorized by its charter: general government (legislative, elections, financial administration, and general government buildings and plant); public safety (police and fire) and Public Works (highways and streets, sanitation and wastewater, water and solid waste). As required by GAAP, the financial statements of the reporting entity include those of the City (the primary government).

3. Reporting Entity:

In determining how to define the reporting entity, management has considered all potential component units by applying the criteria set forth in Section 2100 and 2600 of the Codification of Government Accounting Standards Board and Financial Accounting Standards Board and Statement Number 14 and 61 of the Government Accounting Standards Board, the Financial Reporting Entity. Based on GASB criteria, the City has no entities that qualify as discretely presented or blended component units.

4. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus:

Basis of Presentation

Government-wide Statements: The statement of net position and the statement of activities display information about the primary government (the City) and its component units. These statements include the financial activities of the overall government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the City. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other non-exchange transactions. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties.

The statement of activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for the different business-type activities of the City and for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associate with a program or function and, made in the funds have been reversed for the statement of activities. Program revenues include (a) fees, fines and charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and (b) grants an contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues. The City first uses restricted assets for expenses incurred for which both restricted and unrestricted assets are available. The City may defer the use of restricted assets based on a review of the specific transaction.

Fiduciary funds and component units that are fiduciary in nature are not reported in the government-wide financial statements. The City does not report any fiduciary funds or component units.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REPORTING ENTITY: (Cont'd)

4. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus: (Cont'd)

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds. Separate statements for each fund category – governmental and proprietary – are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental and enterprise funds are aggregated and reported as non-major funds.

Proprietary fund operating reserves, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as subsidies and investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions or ancillary activities.

The City reports the following major governmental fund:

- General Fund This is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.
- Capital Projects Fund This fund is for SPLOST activities. It accounts for all financial resources of SPLOST projects such as roads, bridges and recreational facilities.

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

- Electric Fund This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's electrical system.
- Water and Sewer Fund This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's water and sewer system.
- Garbage Fund This fund accounts for the operation, maintenance and development of the City's garbage system.

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting:

Government-wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements — The government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements are reported using accrual basis of accounting and the economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Non-exchange transactions are transactions in which the City gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange. Non-exchange transactions include property taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenue from grants, entitlements and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied. The proprietary fund activities statements are divided into operating and non-operation sections. Operating revenues and expenses are the result of activities that are integral to the purpose of the proprietary fund. Non-operating revenues and expense are the results of activities that are related to the proprietary funds, but are not integral to the purpose of the fund, such as interest revenues and expenses.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REPORTING ENTITY: (Cont'd)

4. Basis of Presentation, Basis of Accounting and Measurement Focus: (Cont'd)

Governmental Fund Financial Statements — Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measureable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Property taxes, sales taxes, insurance premium tax, franchise taxes, licenses and interest are considered to be susceptible to accrual. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

All governmental and business-type activities and enterprise funds of the City follow FASB Statements and Interpretations issued on or before November 30, 1989, Accounting Principles Board Opinions and Accounting Research Bulletins, unless those pronouncements conflict with GASB pronouncements. Governments also have the option of following subsequent private-sector guidance for their business-type activities, subject to this same limitation. The government has elected not to follow subsequent private-sector guidance.

5. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting:

The City follows these procedures in establishing budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- 1. Prior to July 1, the Mayor and the Council Budget Committee prepare a proposed budget for the fiscal year commencing July 1.
- 2. Public hearings are held to obtain taxpayer's comments.
- 3. The budget is legally enacted through the passage of a resolution.
- 4. All revisions to the budget must be submitted to the City Council for approval.
- 5. The budget is prepared and adopted on a basis consist with generally accepted accounting principles. An annual budget is adopted for the General Fund and Special Revenue Funds. An operating budget is prepared for each Enterprise Fund for planning, control, cost allocation, and evaluation purposes. Budgetary amounts are not formally integrated into the Enterprise Fund general ledgers.
- 6. Budgetary appropriations lapse at the end of the fiscal year.

6. Encumbrances:

Encumbrances represent commitments related to unperformed contracts for goods or services. The City does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REPORTING ENTITY: (Cont'd)

7. Deposits and Investments:

Cash consists of demand and interest-bearing deposits held in banks. All deposits with financial institutions must be collateralized in an amount equal to 110% of uninsured deposits. In lieu of a surety bond, a depository of public funds may pledge as collateral any one or more of the following securities as enumerated in OCGA 50-17-59:

- Bonds, bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, or other direct obligations of the United States or State of Georgia;
- Bonds, bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, or other direct obligations of the counties or municipalities of the State of Georgia;
- Bonds of any public authority created by Georgia law, if the statute authorizes such use off the bonds and they have been duly validated and there has been no default in the payment of either principal or interest
- Industrial revenue bonds or bonds of development authorities, created by Georgia law that have been duly validated and for which there has been no default in the payment of either principal or interest; or
- Bonds, bills, certificates of indebtedness, notes, or other obligations of a subsidiary corporation of the U.S. government that are fully guaranteed by the U.S. government both as to principal and interest; and debt obligations issued by the Federal Land Bank, the Federal Home Loan Bank, the Federal Intermediate Credit Bank, the Central Bank for cooperatives, the Farm Credit Banks, the Federal Home Loan Mortgage corporation, and the Federal National Mortgage Association.

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents include all highly liquid investments with original maturities of three months or less.

8. Receivables and Payables:

All trade and property tax receivables are shown net of an allowance for uncollectibles, when material.

9. Property Tax Calendar:

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1. City property tax revenues are recognized when levied to the extent that they result in current receivables.

Property taxes are levied on September 30. The assessed values are an approximation of market value as determined by the Newton County Tax Assessor. Tax bills are mailed at least 60 days prior to the due date of December 20.

Taxes receivable at June 30, 2019, amounted to \$4,778 which was due from the 2018 assessment.

Property Tax Year

2018

Lien Date Levy Date Collection period Due date

January 1, 2018 September 30, 2018 August 20, 2018 – December 20, 2018 December 20, 2018

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE A - SUMMARY OF ORGANIZATION, SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES AND REPORTING ENTITY: (Cont'd)

10. Prepaid Items:

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items.

11. Capital Assets:

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment and infrastructure assets (roads, bridges, sidewalks and similar items), are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the government-wide financial statements. Property, plant and equipment, for governmental funds, except for infrastructure, with individual costs that equal or exceed \$2,500 are recorded as capital assets. Property, plant and equipment for proprietary funds with individual costs that equal or exceed \$25,000 are recorded as capital assets. Capital assets are recorded at costs or estimate historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets' lives are not capitalized.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities, net of related interest earned, is included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

Property, plant and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Estimated Useful Lives					
15-99					
20-50					
20-50					
3-15					
5-10					
5-7					

Pursuant to GASB Statement No. 34, Phase 3 governments are not required to report major general infrastructure assets retroactively. As a result, the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements does not reflect those infrastructure asset projects completed before December 31, 2004. However, they do reflect those assets that were either completed during the fiscal year or considered construction in progress at year end.

12. Accumulated Unpaid Vacation, Sick Pay, and Other Employee Benefit Amounts:

The liability for compensated absences reported in the government-wide and proprietary fund statements consists of unpaid, accumulated annual vacation. No liability is recorded for non-vesting accumulating rights to receive sick pay benefits. The City adopted a policy that allows employees to accumulate unused vacation time up to 40 hours per year which is payable upon termination of employment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE B - STEWARDSHIP, COMPLIANCE AND ACCOUNTABILITY:

1. Excess of expenditures over appropriation in individual departments:

The General Fund's revenue exceeded budgeted amounts by \$25,993 and total were under budget by \$274,024 due to capital asset additions planned but not complete during the year. The net effect to the total budget was a decrease in fund balance of \$24,729, however, the general fund received a transfer from Business Activities of \$185,191 to cover the costs associated there. Adequate budget oversighted over revenue and costs were noted during the year.

2. Net position restricted by enabling legislation:

The City has a fund balance of \$16,384 in the Confiscated Assets Special Revenue Fund and \$196,827 in the SPLOST Capital Projects Fund. The net position in the Confiscated Assets Fund is restricted by enabling legislation to be used in support of law enforcement. The net position in the SPLOST fund is restricted by enabling legislation to be spent on road and bridge improvements.

NOTE C - DEPOSIT AND INVESTMENTS:

The carrying amount of the City's deposits with financial institutions was \$2,067,620 and the bank balance was \$2,106,606. All of the uninsured bank deposits are collateralized by securities that are not held by the pledging financial institution. The securities that secure the City's deposits are held as part of a pool of pledged securities administered under the direction of the Georgia Office of Treasury and Fiscal Services. Because all the City's uninsured deposits are collateralized by assets not held by the pledging financial institution, the City is not exposed to custodial credit risk. The City does not have a custodial credit risk policy other than a policy to comply with state law.

Investments in the Enterprise Funds totaled \$459,571 and represents Certificates of Deposits held at Fidelity Bank and are automatically renewed every three months.

Restricted cash in the enterprise funds represent funds held by a trustee bank for debt service payment activities and future capital expenditures as well as funds held to repay utility deposits to customers.

Municipal Competitive Trust — MEAG Power formed a trust known as the "Municipal Competitive Trust" for the benefit of its Participants (which includes the City of Mansfield, Georgia, along with 40 other cities and counties) and has funded the Competitive Trust with certain monies which have been accumulated in MEAG Power reserves, including certain rate stabilization monies and sums from the debt service reserves which were released following a successful effort to obtain bondholder consent to amend the Project One and General Resolution Projects Resolutions. Surety bonds are substituted for the debt service reserves to preserve the security of the bond holders, thus allowing the accumulated debt service reserves to be transferred to the Competitive Trust. Funds in the Competitive Trust will be invested and reinvested, and will be available to reduce future power supply costs of the Participants to meet retail competition.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE C - DEPOSITS AND INVESTMENTS: (Cont'd)

Discretionary funds from the Participants were deposited in the Flexible Trust Account, which is part of the Municipal Competitive Trust established by MEAG and represents an involuntary participation external investment pool that is not registered with the S.E.C. as an investment company. The City of Mansfield, Georgia, has recorded the investments in the Flexible Trust Account as investments in the Utilities fund at fair market value, which was \$498,181 in short-term obligations at the balance sheet date. Fair market value is determined based on the fair value of the underlying portfolio calculated daily with earnings distributed monthly. The fair value of the position in the external investment pool is the same as the value of the pool shares. The Municipal Competitive Trust permits the investment of funds in direct obligations of the United States Government, certain government agencies if guaranteed by the United States Government, direct and general obligations of states, certain Federal Agency discount notes and repurchase agreements collateralized by securities which would otherwise by permissible under the laws of the State.

Under the above parameters, investments are made in mortgage and derivative securities. These securities principally include agency-issued mortgages, collateralized mortgage obligations, principal-only strips and interest only securities that are required to repay 100% of their principal investment at maturity. The yield on derivative securities is based on cash flows received as determined by a specified formula or index, and/or cash flows from principal repayments on underlying mortgages. Therefore, the rate of return and market value of these securities may be sensitive to changes in their respective index or formula and/or in prepayment on mortgages, which may result from changing interest rates. At June 30, 2019, the average remaining terms of the investments in collateralized mortgage obligations is approximately five years.

MEAG Power and therefore the City of Mansfield, Georgia, to the extent of its portion of the Flexible Trust Account is exposed to credit and market risk relating to its investments. Credit risk arises when an entity is unable to recover its investments either by an inability to withdraw the funds through nonperformance of a counterparty or an inability to recover collateral. Market risk could affect the investments adversely when either the value of items purchased or the value of underlying collateral securities declines. As of June 30, 2019, MEAG Power and the city of Mansfield, Georgia, were not exposed to any known economic losses due to these risks.

Derivative Financial Instruments – Derivative financial instruments are used primarily in the management of interest rate exposure and include interest rate swap transaction. Derivative financial instruments are not held or issued for trading purposes. The counterparties to derivative transactions are major financial institutions with either high investment grade credit ratings or agreements to collateralize their net position.

Swap transactions are accrued to interest expense for the difference between the agreed upon fixed and floating rates. Options are recorded at fair value based on the estimated amount that would be received or paid to terminate the options and the reporting dated based on broker quotes. Options are revalued and marked to market.

MEAG Power and the City's portion of the Flexible Trust Account will be exposed to less variable rate exposure if the counterparty to the swap transaction defaults or if the swap is terminated. Any termination of the swap agreements may also result in MEAG Power through the appropriate trust account making or receiving a settlement payment.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS:

A summary of changes in capital assets are as follows:

Governmental Activities:		Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Capital Assets, not being depreciated: Land	\$	155,488	\$		\$			455 400
Work in Process	Ą	133,400	ş	100 070	Ą	-	\$	155,488
WOLKHI FIOCESS		-		188,078			-	188,078
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	,	155,488		188,078		_	_	343,566
Capital Assets, being depreciated:								
Land improvements		106,595		6,243		-		112,838
Infrastructure		90,302		-		-		90,302
Buildings		475,363		11,275		-		486,638
Vehicles		92,943		-		(25,511)		67,432
Equipment	-	64,492		7,084		-	_	71,576
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	_	829,695		24,602		(25,511)		828,786
Less accumulated depreciation for:								
Land improvements		16,434		5,520		-		21,954
Infrastructure		10,363		2,688		-		13,051
Buildings		181,663		13,052		_		194,715
Vehicles		63,447		3,906		(25,511)		41,842
Equipment	-	60,696		761	_		_	61,457
Total accumulated depreciation	-	332,603		25,927	-	(25,511)	_	333,019
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	-	497,092		(1,325)	-	_	_	495,767
Governmental activities Capital Assets, net	\$ _	652,580	\$	186,753	\$	N	\$	839,333

Depreciation expense for governmental activities was charged to functions as follows:

General government	\$ 25,927
Public safety	0
Public works	0
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	<u>\$ 25,927</u>

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE D - CAPITAL ASSETS: (Cont'd)

en macasers, (cont a)	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance
Business-type activities:		•					
Electric Fund:							
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 30,000	\$	_	\$	-	\$	30,00
Work in Process	_	•	33,500		*		33,50
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	30,000		33,500		-		63,50
Capital Assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	768,892		<u>.</u>		-		768,89
Buildings	107,353		-		•		107,35
Vehicles	100,159			•	Pa		100,15
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	976,404					· -	976,40
Less accumulated depreciation for:							
Infrastructure	247,300		15,378		-		262,67
Buildings	39,849		2,684		-		42,53
Vehicles	100,159				-	-	100, 15
Total accumulated depreciation	387,308		18,062	_	_	-	405,37
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	589,096		(18,062)	-		_	571,03
Electric Capital Assets, net	\$ 619,096	\$	15,438	\$ _	-	\$ _	634,53
Water and Sewer Fund:							
Capital Assets, not being depreciated:							
Land	\$ 124,593	\$	-	\$	-	\$	124,59
Work in Process	-		12,373				12,37
Total Capital Assets, not being depreciated	124,593		12,373	-	-	_	136,96
Capital Assets, being depreciated:							
Infrastructure	4,238,298		-		-		4,238,29
Equipment	43,965		"	-	_	_	43,96
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated	4,282,263		-	_	-	_	4,282,26
ess accumulated depreciation for:							
nfrastructure	1,934,132		86,326		_		2,020,458
quipment	35,847		6,066	_	L	_	41,91
Total accumulated depreciation	1,969,979		92,392	_			2,062,372
Total Capital Assets, being depreciated, net	2,312,284		(92,392)	_		_	2,219,892
Nater and Sewer Capital Assets, net	\$ 2,436,877	\$	(80,019)	\$_	•	\$ _	2,356,858
Total Business-type Capital Assets, net	\$ 3,055,973	\$	(64,581)	\$ _	-	\$ _	2,991,392

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE E - INTERFUND BALANCES AND ACTIVITY:

Interfund balances:

	- The state of the		Due to:			
Due from:	Non-major Gov't funds	General Fund	Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total
Governmental activities:						
General fund \$	(13,734) \$	- \$	(118,891) \$	171,273 \$	61,705 \$	100,353
Non-major Gov't funds	-	13,734	-	-	-	13,734
Business-type activities:						
Electric fund	-	118,891	-	-		118,891
Garbage fund	_	(61,705)	-	-	-	(61,705)
Water and sewer fund		(171,273)	-	**		(171,273)
\$	(13,734) \$	(100,353) \$	(118,891) \$	171,273 \$	61,705 \$	_

General fund is holding the Confiscated Assets money until a need arises. There is currently no police service being offered. It is not expected that this balance will be repaid within one year. The General Fund makes all of the original payroll payments. The Electric and Water Funds then reimburse the General Fund for each funds respective share of the payroll costs. The interfund balances between the Electric and Water Funds and the General Fund represent such repayments that were not made by end of the year.

For this fiscal year, the transfers to the General Fund were \$185,191, consequently the transfers out of the Business-Type Activities fund were \$185,191. These transfers are for payments made by the general fund which are in turn reimbursed or transferred to the general fund.

	Transfers:									
	General Fund	Electric Fund	Water and Sewer Fund	Garbage Fund	Total					
Operating Transfer In (Out):	\$ 185,191	\$ (153,634)	\$ (29,397)	\$ (2,160)	\$ -					

NOTE F - CLAIMS, JUDGEMENTS AND OTHER COMMITMENTS:

Litigation: Based on the advice of the City attorney, management believes that any Unasserted claims against the City are either immaterial or without merit. The City is exposed to various risks of losses related to torts, thefts of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters for which the City carries commercial insurance.

The City participates in the Georgia Municipal Association Group Self-Insurance Workers' Compensation Fund, a public entity risk pool currently operating as a common risk management and insurance program for member local governments.

As part of these risk pools, the City is obligated to pay all contributions and assessments as prescribed by the pool, to cooperate with the pool's agents and attorneys, to follow loss reduction procedures established by the fund, and to report as promptly as possible, an in accordance with any coverage loss. The City is also to allow the pool's agents and attorneys to represent the County in investigation, settlement discussions and all levels of litigation arising out of any claim made against the County within the scope of loss protection furnished by the fund.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE F - CLAIMS, JUDGEMENTS AND OTHER COMMITMENTS: (Cont'd)

The funds are to defend and protect the members of the fund against liability or loss as prescribed in the member government contract and in accordance with the worker's compensation law of Georgia. The fund is to pay all costs taxed against members in any legal proceeding defended by the members, all interest accruing after entry of judgment, and all expenses incurred for investigation, negotiation or defense.

Settled claims in the past three years have not exceeded coverages.

Commitments: Municipal Electric Authority of Georgia – The City of Mansfield, Georgia is one of 47 participants who have entered into Power Sales Contracts with the Municipal Electrical Authority of Georgia (MEAG). Under these contracts, the Authority has agreed to provide to the participants, and the participants have agreed to take from the Authority, such output and services from the various projects of the Authority as may be available for the useful life thereof. The participants are required to make payments therefore according to rates and charges established by the Authority to produce revenues sufficient to pay the Authority's cost attributable to such projects. In general, the Power Sales Contracts provide that if, at any time, (i) a project is terminated prior to completion, or (ii) a project is declared by the Authority to be totally and permanently retired from service, or (iii) a project is totally, but no permanently, out of service and the Authority is unable to provide service from alternative sources, then each participant will remain liable to pay a fixed percentage referred to as an "obligation share" of the Authority's costs attributable to such projects. In case of default by a participant under its Contracts relating to any of the various projects such participant would remain liable to pay the greater of its obligation share of the Authority's costs attributable to such project of the amount determined to be due under the rates and charges established by the Authority.

Payments under the Power Sales Contracts are not subject to reduction whether by offset or otherwise, and will not be conditional upon the performance or nonperformance by any party of any agreement for any cause whatsoever. Each Power Sales Contract will continue in full force and effect at least until such time, not to exceed 50 years, as all bonds issued for the purpose of financing the costs of acquisition and construction of the applicable project, and notes issued for such purpose in anticipation of the bonds, have been paid or provision has been made for their payment.

NOTE G - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS:

Governmental Activities

Long-term obligations for governmental activities consist of compensated absences that will not be paid during the subsequent fiscal year. The compensated absences are expected to be retired using monies held in the general fund.

During fiscal year 2018, the City financed a dump truck through Ally Bank for 60 months in the amount of \$37,400. Principal and interest payments of \$689.58 are due monthly. Additionally, during the current year, the City recognized a lease with the Newton County Trails for land use, which consists of a net present value of \$6,190.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE G - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Cont'd)

The balance of both as of June 30, 2019, was \$31,953, of which \$7,427 is considered current in the next year. A schedule of maturities follows:

Year ending June 30,						
	Pr	incipal	<u>Interest</u>	<u>Total</u>		
2020	\$	7,427	\$ 1,062	\$	8,489	
2021		7,736	757		8,493	
2022		8,059	439		8,498	
2023		2,812	173		2,985	
2024		83	148		231	
Thereafter		5,836	2,502		8,338	
	\$	31,953	\$ 5,081	\$	37,034	

Business-type Activities

Bonds Payable

In 1988, the City issued \$453,000 Water and Sewer Revenue Bonds, Series A and B for the purpose of system improvements. The bonds bear interest at a rate of 5% and are payable in annual installments with the final payment due in 2027.

Debt Service Requirements

Debt service requirements on long-term debt at June 30, 2019, are as follows:

June 30,		Seri			Seri	es B		Total				
	<u>P1</u>	rincipal	<u>lı</u>	<u>nterest</u>	<u>Pr</u>	incipal	<u>h</u>	nterest	Pr	incipal_	<u>ln</u>	terest
2020	\$	11,000	\$	6,450	\$	5,500	\$	3,050	\$	16,500	\$	9,500
2021		12,000		5,900		6,000		2,775		18,000		8,675
2022		13,000		5,300		6,000		2,475		19,000		7,775
2023		13,000		4,650		6,500		2,175		19,500		6,825
2024		14,000		4,000		7,000		1,850		21,000		5,850
2025-2028		66,000		8,500	_	30,000	_	3,825	_	96,000		12,325
		129,000	Ś	34,800	Ś	61,000	Ś	16,150	Ś	190,000	Ś	50,950

The City incurred interest costs of \$9,913, all of which was recorded as a current period cost.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE G - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS: (Cont'd)

Changes in long-term obligations for the year ended June 30, 2019, are as follows:

Business-type activities:	Beginning Balance	 Increases	•	Decreases	,	Ending Balance	 Due Within One Year
Series A Series B	\$ 140,000 66,500	\$ -	\$	11,000 5,500	\$	129,000 61,000	\$ 11,000 5,500
	\$ 206,500	\$ 	\$	16,500	\$	190,000	\$ 16,500
Governmental activities:							
Note payable	\$ 32,839	\$ 6,190	\$	7,076	\$	31,953	\$ 7,427

NOTE H - FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

The City adopted early implantation of GASB Statement No. 54 Fund Balance Reporting and Governmental Fund Type Definitions in an effort to improve the consistency in reporting fund balance components, enhance fund balance presentation, improve the usefulness of fund balance information, and clarify the definitions of the governmental fund types. As a result of the implementation, the governmental funds now report the following five categories of fund balance: Non-spendable, Restricted, Committed, Assigned and Unassigned.

As of June 30, 2019, fund balances of the governmental funds are classified as follows:

Non-spendable – amounts that cannot be spent either because they are in non-spendable form or because they are legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted – amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes because of constitutional provisions or enabling legislation or because of constraints that are externally imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or the laws or regulations of other governments.

Committed – amounts that can be used only for specific purposes determined by a formal action of City Council. City Council is the highest level of decision-making authority for the City. Commitments may be established, modified, or rescinded only through ordinances or resolutions approved by City Council. At year end, the city did not have any committed fund balance amounts.

Assigned – amounts that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed but that are intended to be used for specific purposes. At year end, the City did not have any Assigned fund balance amounts.

Unassigned – all other spendable amounts.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE H - FUND BALANCE - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS:

In June 2011, GASB issued Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position. This statement is effective for financial statements for periods beginning after December 15, 2011. This statement provides financial reporting guidance for deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources. Concepts Statement No. 4, Elements of Financial Statements, introduced and defined those elements as a consumption of net position by the government that is applicable to a future reporting period, and an acquisition of net position by the government. This statement amends the net asset reporting requirements in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements – and Management's Discussion and Analysis – for State and Local Governments, and other pronouncements by incorporating deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources into the definitions of the required components of the residual measure and by renaming that measure as net position. This City implemented GASB 63 during FY2012. This statement had no significant impact on the City.

When an expenditure is incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available, the City considers restricted funds to have been spent first. When an expenditure is incurred for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the City considers amounts to have been spent first out of committed funds, then assigned funds, and finally unassigned funds, as needed, unless the City has provided otherwise in its commitment or assigned actions.

NOTE I - JOINT VENTURES:

Northeast Georgia Regional Commission: The City of Mansfield, Georgia, in conjunction with cities and counties in the 12 county Northeast Georgia area, is a member of the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission (RC). Membership in an RC is automatic for each municipality and county in the state. The Official Code of Georgia Section 50-8-34 (Georgia Planning Act of 1989) provides for the organizational structure of the RCs. Each county and municipality in the state is required by law to pay minimum annual dues to the RC. The RC Board membership includes the Chief elected official (or a designated government official) of each county, the chief elected official (or a designated government official) of each municipality, one elected or appointed municipal government official from each county (or a designee of the municipalities of the county), not less than 10 nor more than 20 nonpublic members, and shall include a minority representation, the percentage of which is at least equal to the minority population of the geographic region served by the Board. Financial statements can be obtained from the Northeast Georgia Regional Commission, 305 Research Drive, Athens, GA 30605.

The Georgia Planning Act of 1989 (OCGA 50-8-34) defines RCs as "public agencies and instrumentalities of their members." Georgia laws also provide that the member governments are liable for any debts or obligations of an RC beyond its resources. (OCGA 50-8-39.1)

NOTE J - MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC AUTHORITY OF GEORGIA (MEAG) TRUST:

On May 3, 1999, the City approved a resolution adopting the provisions of the Municipal Competitive Trust (the "Trust").

The Trust was created by MEAG in anticipation of future deregulation of the electric industry, which will provide customers with a choice among electric suppliers for their retail electric power supply. This is expected to include customers assigned to electric systems of political subdivisions, which are wholesale power customers of MEAG, such as the City of Mansfield. MEAG expects that after such legislation is effective, market rates for power will result which will likely be lower for some period of time than the costs of power generated by MEAG facilities. The purpose of the Trust is to provide a means for MEAG and its wholesale customers who elect to become beneficiaries of the Trust to deposit funds to be invested at the best prudent rates of return and be applied, in accordance with the provisions of the Trust, to mitigate the change to full competition as a result of anticipated deregulation.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019

(Continued)

NOTE J - MUNICIPAL ELECTRIC AUTHORITY OF GEORGIA (MEAG) TRUST: (Cont'd)

The Trust creates an account for the City of Mansfield, and within the account creates the following three subaccounts in which the City of Mansfield participates:

1. <u>Flexible Operating Trust Account</u> – This type of subaccount may be funded from contributions by the City, from the City's Discretionary Reserve Fund with MEAG, or from other available funds.

According to Trust provisions, the City has the following withdrawal rights with respect to this fund: The City has, at any time, the right to withdraw part or all funds from the Flexible Operating Trust Account.

The City also has the right to borrow, if certain conditions are met, part or all of the funds in the Credit Support Operating Trust Account for the purpose of paying the cost of a capital expenditure, provided that the City executes and delivers to the Trustee a promissory note and such other documents reasonably satisfactory to MEAG in which the City agrees to repay the withdrawn amount to the Trustee.

The balance of the account on June 30, 2019, is \$498,181 and is reported as an asset in the Electric Fund.

2. <u>Credit Support Operating Trust Account</u> — This type of subaccount may be funded from the funds allocated to the City's account in MEAG's Rate Stabilization Reserve Fund or the City's Discretionary Reserve with MEAG, or from any other available funds. The City has the right to borrow, if certain conditions are met, part or all of the funds in the Credit Support Operating Trust Account for the purpose of paying the cost of a capital expenditure, provided that the City executes and delivers to the Trustee a promissory note and such other documents reasonably satisfactory to MEAG in which the City agrees to repay the withdrawn amount to the Trustee.

The balance of the account on June 30, 2019, is \$311,211.

3. Reserve Fund Debt Trust – This type of subaccount may be funded from contributions by MEAG form contributors by MEAG form any funds it has available for such purposes.

The balance of the account on June 30, 2019, is \$0.

According to the original Trust provisions, the City had no right to withdraw amounts from the Reserve Funded Debt Trust Account unless MEAG consented in writing thereto, and in the event MEAG should consent to a withdrawal, the withdrawn funds must be applied to the outstanding balance of the City's current monthly billing on account of its entitlement or obligation share(s) under its Power Sales Contract(s) of MEAG's Annual Project Generation Fixed Charges. Prior to the anticipated actual deregulation date, the City shall have the right to cause the Trustee to use funds from the Credit Support Operating Trust Account to reduce, or as credit against, its monthly billings (i) to mitigate wholesale rate increases which have an impact of greater than 20% on the City's wholesale cost in any year (ii) to mitigate the adverse impact of any wholesale cost increase which results from the phase-out of special rates in any year, and (iii) to mitigate the impact of wholesale costs which exceed the system average wholesale cost by more than 20% in any year, all as set forth in a certificate of the City and MEAG.

Amendments were passed as of January 1, 2009, that allowed subsequent limited access to the Credit Support and Reserve Funded accounts.

NOTE K - PENSION PLAN:

The City does not participate in Other Post-Employment Benefits.

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2019 (Continued)

NOTE L - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS:

Events that occur after the statement of net position date but before the financial statements were available to be issued must be evaluated for recognition or disclosure. The effects of subsequent events that provide evidence about conditions that existed at the statement of net position are recognized in the accompanying financial statements. Subsequent events which provide evidence about conditions that existed after the statement of net position date require disclosure in the accompanying notes. Management evaluated the activity of the Authority through December 19, 2019 (the date the financial statements were available to be issued) and concluded that no subsequent events have occurred that would require recognition in the financial statements or disclosure in the notes to the financial statement.

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS OF INDIVIDUAL FUNDS

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL SPLOST CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Budget		Prior Years	Current Year	Total	
Revenues		Baager	•	Tears .		Tedi	IOTAI
Intergovernmental	\$	763,574	\$	360,906	\$	79,837	\$ 440,743
Total Revenues	****	763,574		360,906		79,837	440,743
Expenditures				•			
Capital outlay:				•			
Public works		763,574		180,972		195,677	376,649
Total Expenditures	_	763,574		180,972		195,677	376,649
Net change in fund balances	\$	_	\$ _	179,934		(115,840)	\$ 64,094
Fund balance - beginning of year						312,667	
Fund balance - end of year					\$	196,827	

CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - BUDGET AND ACTUAL CONFISCATED ASSETS FUND - SPECIAL REVENUE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019

	Budget		Prior Years	Current Year	Total		
Revenues	\$ _	\$	-	\$ <u></u>	\$		
Expenditures	_		-	-		-	
Net change in fund balances	\$	\$		-	\$	-	
Fund balance - beginning of year				16,384			
Fund balance - end of year				\$ 16,384			

COMPLIANCE SECTION

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2019



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Honorable Mayor and Members of City Council City of Mansfield, Georgia

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Mansfield, Georgia, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2019, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Mansfield, Georgia's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated December 19, 2019.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the City of Mansfield, Georgia's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinions on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Mansfield, Georgia's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the City of Mansfield, Georgia's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of the financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinions on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinions. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Rector, Reeder & Lofton, PC Certified Public Accountants

Loganville, Georgia December 19, 2019

STATUS OF PRIOR AUDIT FINDINGS

The prior audit report for the period ended June 30, 2018, contained no formal audit findings.

SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results:

Financial Statements

Type of report issued on the financial statements:

Internal control over financial reporting:

Material weakness(es) identified?

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not

considered to be material weaknesses?

Noncompliance material to the financial statements noted?

Federal Awards

Internal controls over major programs:

Material weakness(es) identified?

N/A

Significant deficiency(ies) identified not

considered to be material weaknesses?

Type of report issued on the compliance for major programs: N/A

Any audit findings disclosed that are required to be reported under 2 CFR §200.516(a)?

Section II - Financial Statement Findings

None Reported

Section III - Federal Award Findings and Questioned Costs

N/A



February 4, 2020

Mayor and Council City of Mansfield P.O. Box 35 Mansfield, Georgia 30055-3146

Attention: Mayor G.W. Davis, Jr.

Re: City of Mansfield

Sewerage System Improvements Proposal for Engineering Services

Thank you for meeting with our firm to discuss upgrades to the City's water pollution control plant. The facility was designed and constructed in the 1980's and has served the City well for nearly 40 years. With proper maintenance and repair of the deteriorated equipment, the plant's useful life can be extended for years to come.

Based on our meeting and the input of City staff, we recommend the following approach to design, funding and construction of the plant rehabilitation:

- 1. Prepare a full assessment of the structural integrity of the Smith & Loveless packaged treatment plant, the condition of all instrumentation and controls, and the condition of the mechanical equipment.
- 2. Prepare a detailed cost estimate and Engineering Report for use with loan and grant applications for funding proposed improvements.
- 3. Prepare state and federal environmental reviews to establish funding eligibility and make application to State Revolving Funds, Georgia Environmental Finance Authority, Georgia Department of Community Affairs and private lenders for necessary project funding.
- 4. Prepare drawings, technical specifications and bid documents for the rehabilitation work needed. *Turnipseed Engineers* can assist with advertising the project to qualified contractors, bid opening, contract preparation and construction contract administration.

For the initial phase of the work, we propose to provide engineering services for the City as outlined in items 1-3. Once authorized to start work, the Assessment and Engineering Report will take approximately 4 months to complete. We propose a lump sum fee of \$8,500 which will be invoiced once funding applications are submitted. Design and construction engineering fees (Item 4) will be based on the final scope of work and determined after the Assessment is complete. A separate proposal will be prepared for the City's approval at that time.

If our proposal is acceptable, please sign and date where indicated below and return one (1) copy for our files. A copy of our General Conditions of Agreement is enclosed and made part of this proposal by reference. We appreciate your interest in allowing us to continue to work with you. If you have any questions about our proposal, please call us.

Yours truly. Christopher B. Poje, P.E., President CBP:sn AUTHORIZATION TO PROCEED CITY OF MANSFIELD, GEORGIA Printed Name Title Authorized Signature Date



GENERAL CONDITIONS OF AGREEMENT

1. COORDINATION WITH THE OWNER:

The Engineer shall hold periodic conferences with the Owner, or his representatives, to the end that the Project, as it progresses shall have benefit of the Owner's experience and knowledge of existing needs and facilities, and be consistent with the Owner's current policies and construction standards. To implement this coordination, the Owner shall make available to the Engineers, for use in planning the Project, all existing plans, maps, field notes, statistics, computations and other data in his possession relative existing facilities and to the Project.

2. FEES

Unless otherwise specified, fees shall be paid the Engineer in accordance with monthly billings based upon work performed and expenses incurred during that month. Any payments not made within thirty (30) days on statements rendered shall be subject to charge for interest at a rate of one and one- half percent (1-1/2%) per month, beginning 30 days after date of the statement, and failure to make payments when due will entitle the Engineer to suspend services. The Engineer's final payment is due and payable upon completion of the Engineers services. The final payment to the Engineer shall not be withheld, due to refusal of the Contractor to perform a check list item, or because of disputes with the Contractor over liquidated damages, Contractor's performance, etc., since the Engineer cannot and does not serve as surety for the Contractor's performance.

OWNERSHIP OF DOCUMENTS AND RECORDS

It is understood that the Engineer is preparing documents for a specific installation, rather than standard documents for repetitive multiple use. Therefore, all documents, including original drawings, estimates, specifications, field notes and data are and remain the property of the engineer as instruments of service. The Owner may obtain, upon payment of fees due the Engineer, reproducible copies of drawings, and copies of other documents, in consideration of which it is mutually agreed that the Owner will use them solely in connection with the project, and shall not authorize their use on other projects, except by written agreement with the Engineer. The Engineer shall retain all pertinent records relating to the services performed hereunder for a period of three years after completion thereof. The Owner shall have access to such records at all reasonable times during such period as may be required for audit of reimbursable items.

4. MODIFICATIONS DURING DESIGN

The Engineer shall retain discretion as to whether changes made by the Owner or his representatives during the design phase shall constitute additional services. Minor modifications and dimensional adjustments are considered to be normal design development. Relocation of sites, relocation of structures, parking areas, and roadways may result in additional services if such changes result in loss of completed design work required.

5. TERMINATION; SUSPENSION OF WORK:

The Owner may at its discretion, terminate the work or indefinitely suspend the work under this Agreement, by giving a seven-day written notice. In such event, the Owner shall assume all obligations, commitments, and claims that the Engineer may have theretofore in good faith undertaken or incurred in connection with the Project. The Engineer shall be equitable paid for services rendered prior to effective termination notice date and for reasonable termination expenses.

6. PROFESSIONAL RESPONSIBILITIES

All services hereunder will be performed in accordance with sound and generally accepted principles by personnel experienced in the applicable technical fields.

The Engineers scope of authority does not include the expenditure of the Owner's funds through changes, disbursement powers, or supervision of the Construction Contractor's men or his subcontractors. The Engineer shall not be responsible for construction methods, techniques, sequences or procedures, safety precautions and programs in connection with activities of the Construction Contractor. As to the warranty or guaranty of, or patent indemnity on, items or machinery, equipment or other products manufactured by others, or work of construction contractor's, subcontractors or manufacturers, the Engineer's responsibility with respect thereto is limited to the assignment by the Engineer to the Owner of the manufacturer's or construction contractor's warranty or guaranty and/or patent indemnity, and the Engineer agrees to cooperate with the Owner in the enforcement thereof. The Engineer shall use reasonable and acceptable methods in establishing basis for cost estimates, but cannot guarantee that the construction contractor's bid basis or costs will not vary above or below such estimates. The Engineer shall be included as additional insured, where construction is involved, on the Builder's Risk Policy and on the Contractor's General Liability Policy. In no event shall the liability of the Engineer for damages exceed \$50,000 or the total compensation received by the Engineer for services rendered hereunder, whichever is greater.

7. SUCCESSORS AND ASSIGNMENTS

The Owner and the Engineer each binds himself and his partners, successors, executors, administrators and assigns to the other party of the Agreement and to the partners, successors, executors, administrators and assigns of such other party, in respect to all covenants, of the Agreement; except as above, neither the Owner nor the Engineer shall assign, sublet, or transfer his interest in the Agreement without the written consent of the other, and they further agree that the Agreement represents the entire understanding of the Owner and the Engineer and cannot be changed, added to or modified in any way except by an instrument in writing signed by the Owner and by the Engineer. The Owner and Engineer agree to the full performance of the covenants contained herein.

END OF GENERAL CONDITIONS OF AGREEMENT